



The Catalan government has joined political institutions around the world in declaring a climate and environmental emergency with the aim of achieving the mitigation objectives set out in the Law on Climate Change, adopted in August 2017

Evidence (Third Report on Climate Change in Catalonia)

Temperature

↑ **+0.8° C**
last decade

↑ **+1.4° C**
by 2050

Over 1971–2000 average

- ↑ Extreme temperatures, heat waves, tropical nights, longer dry spells
- ↑ Sea level
- ↑ Effects on air pollution
- ↑ Risk of sand loss from beaches
- ↓ Precipitation
- ↓ Resilience capacity of ecosystems

Government actions

Participation in main forums on climate change at the international level

Law on Climate Change

Climate change adaptation strategy

Biodiversity and natural heritage strategy

Greater commitment / Declaration of emergency

- 👍 Incentivise **transition to renewable energy model**
- 👍 Declare **photovoltaic installations** facilities of **strategic territorial interest**
- 👍 Formulate a territorial **strategy for renewable energy installations**
- 👍 Support economic sectors in the **transition to a circular economy**

- 👍 Promote **clean urban mobility**
- 👍 Adopt measures to **stop loss of biodiversity**
- 👍 Prioritise options with **less environmental impact** in public policy
- 👍 **Eliminate administrative obstacles** that could hinder achievement of CO₂ reduction objectives